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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. | |
|---|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--|
| 10/807,224 | 03/23/2004 | Marc R. Cossement | 25384A 3310 EXAMINER | | |
| 22889 7 | 7590 06/14/2006 | | | | |
| OWENS CORNING | | | RUDDOCK, ULA CORINNA | | |
| 2790 COLUMBUS ROAD GRANVILLE, OH 43023 | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER | |
| | | | 1771 | | |
| | | | DATE MAILED: 06/14/2006 | | |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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|---|---|--|---|
| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | _ |
| Office Action Summer | 10/807,224 | COSSEMENT ET AL. | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | |
| | Ula C. Ruddock | 1771 | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication appe Period for Reply | ars on the cover sheet with the c | orrespondence address | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA: - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period wil. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, or Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing of earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | TE OF THIS COMMUNICATION (a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin I apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from ause the application to become ABANDONE | N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D. (35 U.S.C. § 133) | |
| Status | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 Ma | v 2006. | | |
| | action is non-final. | | |
| 3) Since this application is in condition for allowand | • | | |
| closed in accordance with the practice under Ex | parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45 | 53 O.G. 213. | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | |
| 4) Claim(s) 1-5,7 and 21-28 is/are pending in the a | pplication. | | |
| 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw | n from consideration. | | |
| 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | | |
| 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-5, 7, 21-28</u> is/are rejected. | | | |
| 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. | | | |
| 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or | election requirement. | | |
| Application Papers | | | |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. | | | |
| 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accept | oted or b) objected to by the I | Examiner. | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the di | rawing(s) be held in abeyance. See | e 37 CFR 1.85(a). | |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction | | | |
| 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa | miner. Note the attached Office | Action or form PTO-152. | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | |
| 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign p a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: | priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a) | -(d) or (f). | |
| 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents | have been received | | |
| 2. Certified copies of the priority documents | | on No. | |
| 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priorit | | | |
| application from the International Bureau | PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | • | |
| * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of | f the certified copies not receive | d. | |
| | | | |
| Attachment(s) | | | |
| 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da | | |
| 2) Notice of Dransperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date | | atent Application (PTO-152) | |

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DETAILED ACTION

1. The Examiner has carefully considered Applicant's response filed May 22, 2006. In view of Applicant's statement that O'Brien-Bernini et al. (US 2004/0122166) is not available as prior art, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, after an updated search, additional prior art has been found which renders the invention as currently claimed unpatentable for reasons herein below.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 3. Claims 1-5, 21, 23, 24, 26, 27, and 28 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Rodrigues et al. (US 2004/0254285). Rodrigues et al. disclose a fiberglass nonwoven binder (abstract). The binder comprises a carboxylic acid monomer such as acrylic acid, methacrylic acid, crotonic cid, and isocrotonic acid [0019], which the Examiner is equating to Applicant's polycarboxy polymer. Rodrigues et al. also disclose that is well known to use a crosslinking agent, such as triethanolamine, in binder systems [0008]. The binder further comprises compounds that are capable of forming hydrogen-bonding complexes with the carboxyl polymer which allows for crosslinking at lower temperatures [0034], such as polysaccharides, specifically, maltodextrins [0038]. The hydrogen-bonding complex to polymer binder weight ratio is from about 1:99 to about

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99:1, which meets Applicant's requirement that the co-binder is present in an amount of at least 50% and the co-binder is present in an amount of at least about 75%. The binder further comprises a catalyst in an amount of 0-25% by weight [0041]. The catalysts can comprise alkali metal salts of a phosphorus-containing organic acid or fluoroborates [0041].

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 7 and 22 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rodrigues et al. (US 2004/0254285), as shown above. Rodrigues et al. disclose the claimed invention except for the specific teaching that the dextrin is borax modified and that a molar ratio of the carboxylic acid groups to said hydroxyl groups is from 1:3 to 5:1.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill at the time the invention was made to have modified the dextrin of Rodrigues et al. with borax, since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. *In re Leshin*, 125 USPQ 416. In the present invention, one would have used borax-modified dextrin motivated by the desire to increase the fire resistance of the binder composition.

Furthermore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the molar ratio of the carboxylic acid groups to said hydroxyl

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groups be from 1:3 to 5:1, since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Aller*, 105 USPQ 233. In the present invention, one would have optimized the molar ratio of the carboxylic acid groups to the hydroxyl groups motivated by the desire to lower the curing temperature.

6. Claim 26 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rodrigues et al. (US 2004/0254285) in view of Floyd et al. (US 5,026,746). Floyd et al. disclose starch based binder composition for non-woven fibers or fabrics made of fiberglass (col 2, ln 12-14). The starch used in the composition can be a maltodextrin (col 3, ln 5) and the monomers include acrylic acid (col 4, ln 21). The ratio of monomer to starch may be varied from about 1:50 to about 15:1, preferably from about 1:1 and to about 7:1 (col 4, ln 24-26). Preferred dextrins include white dextrins, canary dextrins, and British gums (col 3, ln 49-50). A cross-linking agent (col 6, ln 27) and a catalyst (col 5, ln 13-15) is also present in the composition. The catalyst amount ranges from about 0.1-10% by weight of the monomer.

It would have been obvious to have used Floyd's disclosure of the Applicant's preferred dextrins (i.e. white dextrins, canary dextrins, and British gums) as the dextrins in Rodrigues et al., motivated by the desire to create a binder composition with improved recovery.

Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-5, 7, and 21-28 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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Conclusion

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ula C. Ruddock whose telephone number is 571-272-1481. The examiner

one and be all colour to the c. Maddook whose telephone hamber is of 1-2/2-1401. The examiner

can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Terrel H. Morris can be reached on 571-272-1478. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may

be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system,

see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system,

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assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated

information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Ma Ruddock

Primary Examiner
Tech Center 1700

UCR